The legislature finds that it is desirable for the public policy of the state to support efforts by public and private agencies responsible for caring for, protecting or adopting out unwanted, lost, or abandoned cats or dogs in the state to place or adopt animals coming into their care. To further this end and to develop accurate and reliable data concerning the number, source and disposition of these unwanted, lost or abandoned cats and dogs in the state, the legislature requires these agencies to make and keep uniform records to enable the state to make policy decisions to improve the placement success rate of dogs from these agencies. The legislature further finds that there exist computer programs that will enable these records to be accurately recorded, easily maintained and provide standardized information.

Section 1. The legislature enacts the following act:

Section 100. Short Title

This act shall be known and may be cited as the “Releasing Agency Reporting Law.”

Section 101. Definitions

“Abandon.” To forsake entirely or to neglect or refuse to provide or perform the legal obligations for the care and support of an animal by its owner or his agent.

“Abandonment.” Relinquishment of all rights and claims to an animal by its owner.

“Adopt” or “Adoption.” The transfer of a dog or cat from a releasing agency to a new owner by any means, whether or not a fee is charged or reimbursement of expenses are received.

Animal Control Agency” or “Pound.” A public agency or a private nonprofit society or corporation under contract with a unit of government the purpose of which includes holding seized or confiscated animals or taking in stray, lost or unwanted animals for the purpose of placing them in new homes or otherwise disposing of them.

“Animal Rescue Organization.” A non-profit society or corporation either duly incorporated pursuant to the laws of (insert state name) as a domestic corporation or duly registered with the state of (insert name of state) under the provisions of (insert registration act) as a foreign corporation the purpose of which includes taking in
unwanted domestic animals for the purpose of transferring them to new homes.

“Cat.” The genus and species known as Felis catus.

"Confiscate." To appropriate property to the use of the government or to adjudge property to be forfeited to the public, without compensation to the owner of the property.

“Dealer.” A person who:
1. Transfers or offers to transfer any dog or cat belonging to another person for consideration, a fee, or a commission or a percentage of the sales price; or
2. Transfers dogs or cats at wholesale for resale to another; or
3. Offers dogs or cats at wholesale for resale for another.

“Department.” The (insert state) Department of (insert relevant agency name).

“Dog.” The genus species and subspecies known as Canis lupis familiaris.

“Domestic animal.” Any dog, cat, equine animal or bovine animal, sheep, goat, pig, poultry, bird, fowl, confined hares, rabbits and mink, or any wild or semi-wild animal legally maintained in captivity.

“Humane society or association for the prevention of cruelty to animals.” A nonprofit society or corporation duly incorporated pursuant to (cite relevant law) for the purpose of prevention of cruelty to animals.

“Person.” The genus and species known as Homo sapiens, including State and local officers, or employees, individuals, corporations, co-partnerships and associations. Singular words shall include the plural. Masculine words shall include the feminine and neuter.

“Releasing Agency.” A public or private pound, animal control agency, animal shelter, and humane society, society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, animal rescue organization or other entity that transfers a domestic animal for adoption.

“Secretary.” The Secretary of (insert relevant agency) or any person to whom the authority has been delegated to the Secretary of (insert relevant agency) has delegated authority under this act.

"Seizure." The act of taking possession of property for a violation of law or the taking or removal from the possession of another. The term shall not include the taking of ownership of property.
“Shelter.” A nonprofit society or corporation duly incorporated pursuant to (cite relevant law) the purpose of which includes taking in stray, lost or unwanted domestic animals for the purpose of placing them in new homes.

“Transfer.” Transfer includes, but is not limited to, transporting, adopting, selling, buying, giving away, exchanging, bartering, offering an inducement, trading, auctioning, raffling, temporarily housing, or donating. Transporting a domestic animal to or from an agricultural, conformation, performance or hunting event is not a transfer.

"Veterinarian” or “Licensed doctor of veterinary medicine.” A person who is currently licensed pursuant to (insert relevant statute).

Section 200. Reporting

(a) Records requirements for Releasing Agencies. The Secretary shall issue regulations to require uniform records be kept by each releasing agency. The regulation shall be based on computerized software systems available and used by releasing agencies in the United States. At a minimum, the following records shall be required to be reported on a monthly basis and shall be kept for a period of five years for all animals received by the releasing agency:

(1) The source of the animal and the means obtained, defined as the total number of animals taken in, divided into species, in the following categories: surrendered by owner; stray; impounds; confiscations, imported into the state from another state, and returned after adoption. Feral cats shall be recorded as a separate category from other cats. Species other than domestic cats and domestic dogs should be recorded as “other.”

(2) Disposition of all animals taken in, divided into species, in a format determined by the Commissioner by regulation. These data must include: adoptions, reclaim by owner, died in kennel, destroyed at the owner's request, transferred to another releasing agency within the state, transferred out of the state into a releasing agency in another state, and the number euthanized. The listing of euthanized animals shall include all species of animals euthanized with feral cats recorded separately from other cats.

(3) Total euthanasia percentage based on total intake must be presented. The euthanasia percentage shall be calculated by the following formula:

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\frac{\text{Total animals euthanized minus owner request euthanasias minus feral euthanasias}}{\text{Total intakes, minus owner request euthanasias minus feral cat intakes}}
\]
(4) Euthanasia totals for each species shall be further broken down into the following categories at a minimum:

Medical, too young to survive, too old to survive, euthanized for space, euthanized for temperament, euthanized for breed.

(5) Releasing organizations that routinely euthanize dogs based on size or breed alone must provide a statement of such policy. Dogs euthanized due to breed, temperament or size must still be recorded as euthanized and must be included in the calculation of total euthanasia percentage.

(b) Each releasing agency shall submit an annual public report to the (insert relevant department) by February 15th of the following year. The (insert relevant department) shall compile the data into a statewide report and submit the report to the (insert relevant legislative leaders of each house of the legislature) and to the Governor by April 15th of each year.

(c) The number of animal bites for every jurisdiction served by a shelter, Animal Control Agency, or Health Department shall be reported quarterly by the entity charged with receiving reports of animal bites.

(i) Bite numbers shall specifically include, at a minimum, information regarding species, breed identification, provocation, owned/stray status of animal, vaccinated/non-vaccinated status of the animal at the time of the bite, and severity of bite based on a quantifiable, specific bite assessment tool.

(ii) Breed identification shall be based on clearly defined, accepted dog and cat breed assignments in accordance with the breed standards of a nationally recognized purebred dog registry. Those animals which may appear to be within a family or group, such as terriers, setters, pointers, herding or spitz type dogs, but are not clearly identifiable as a particular breed shall be designated as “No Predominant Breed.”

Section 201. Penalties.

Any releasing agency that fails to report the information required under sections (a) or (b) of this act within 90 days of the date required shall pay a fine of up to 5% of their previous year’s gross revenues (as reported on their state and/or federal tax reports) or, if the agency is not registered with the state and has not previously reported their revenues, they shall pay a fine of $50 per month until their information has been received. They shall also apply for appropriate licensing or registration immediately.

This act shall take effect in 180 days.